

4-23-2021

Communicating Dam Failure Hazards to Society Through a Virtual Reality Environment of the Teton Dam Failure

Hannah Spero
Boise State University

Kenny Miller
Boise State University

Iker Vazquez Lopez
Boise State University

Rezvan Joshaghani
Boise State University

Steven Cutchin
Boise State University

See next page for additional authors

Communicating Dam Failure Hazards to Society Through a Virtual Reality Environment of the Teton Dam Failure

Abstract

Dam failures worldwide devastate downstream communities, so communicating the severity of these hazards is critical. However, complex multi-resolution representations of modeling results are crucial for dam failure research but difficult to implement. Therefore, we propose that using a multi-dimensional model created in a Virtual Reality (VR) environment would bypass the need for 2D resolution and allow for new analyses. We model the Teton Dam failure of 1976, based on a GeoClaw 2D Dam Failure Model, to visualize both the spatial and temporal hazard components associated with the duration of the historic dam breach. We evaluate and validate our model on the Oculus Quest 2 headset, parameterizing the environment using historical dam breach data and remote-sensing data, such as drone photogrammetry. This study balances the enhanced speed of interaction on the Oculus Quest 2 with the demanding computational requirements. Our output simulation of the 1976 Teton Dam failure's 3D rendering agrees with historical data and the 2D GeoClaw model. Modeling in the VR environment is tailored for improving research and teaching activities alike. Our approach is essential because non-specialist audiences, such as legislators, K-12 students, and downstream community citizens, can experience complex dam failure through a customized immersive VR simulation.

Authors

Hannah Spero, Kenny Miller, Iker Vazquez Lopez, Rezvan Joshaghani, Steven Cutchin, Donna Calhoun, and Josh Enterkine

Communicating Dam Failure Hazards to Society Through a Virtual Reality Environment of the Teton Dam Failure

Hannah Spero¹, Kenny Miller², Iker Vazquez Lopez², Rezvan Joshaghani², Steven Cutchin², Donna Calhoun³, and Josh Enterkine¹.

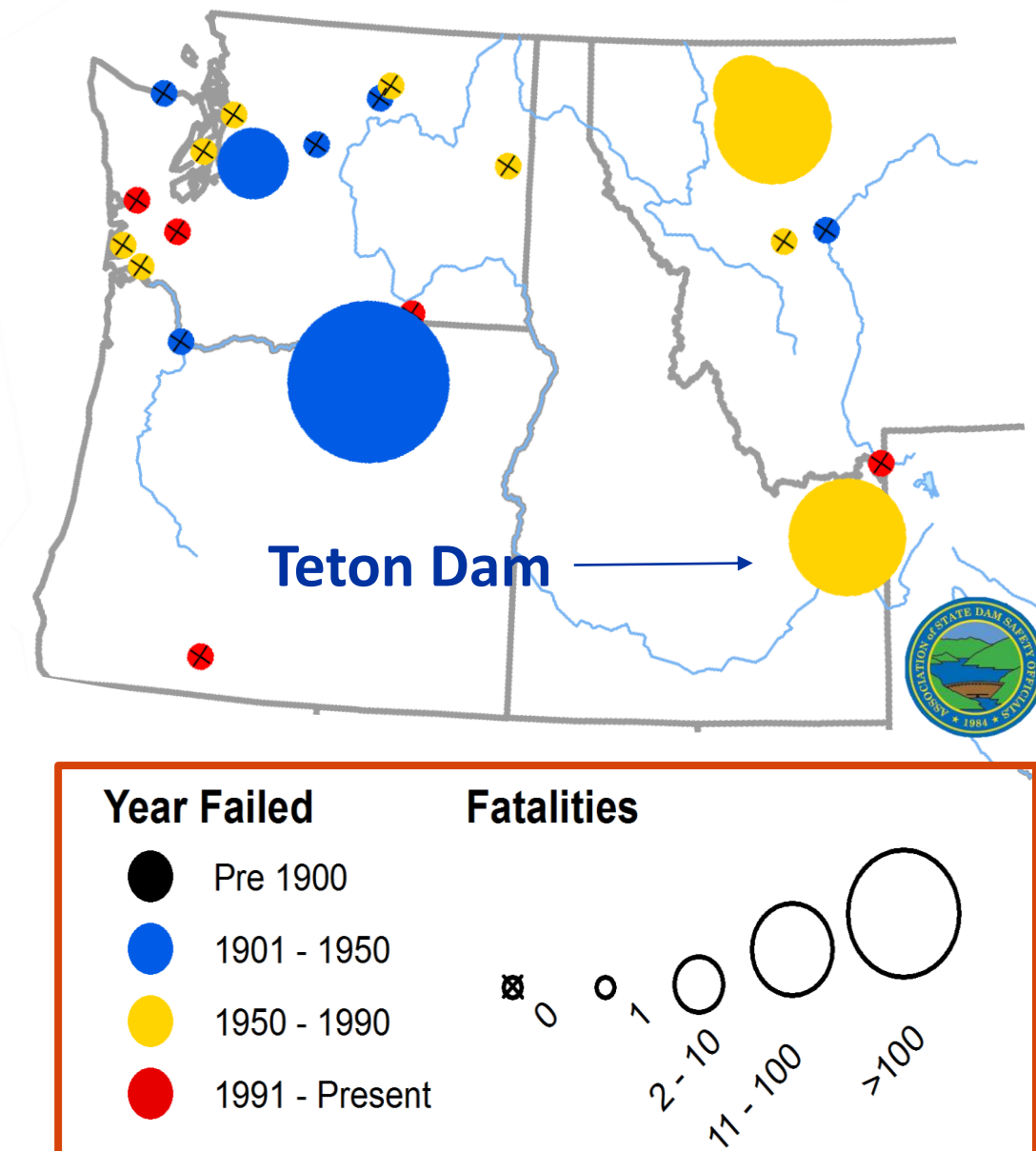
* Presenter; 1 – Department of Geosciences; 2 – Department of Computer Sciences; 3 – Department of Mathematics

Introduction

Dam failures worldwide devastate downstream communities, so communicating the severity of these hazards is critical.

We model the Teton Dam failure of 1976, based on a GeoClaw 2D Dam Failure Model (Figure B), to visualize both the spatial and temporal hazard components associated with the duration of the historic dam breach.

<http://www.clawpack.org/geoclaw>



TIME TRAVEL TO THE 1976 TETON DAM FAILURE

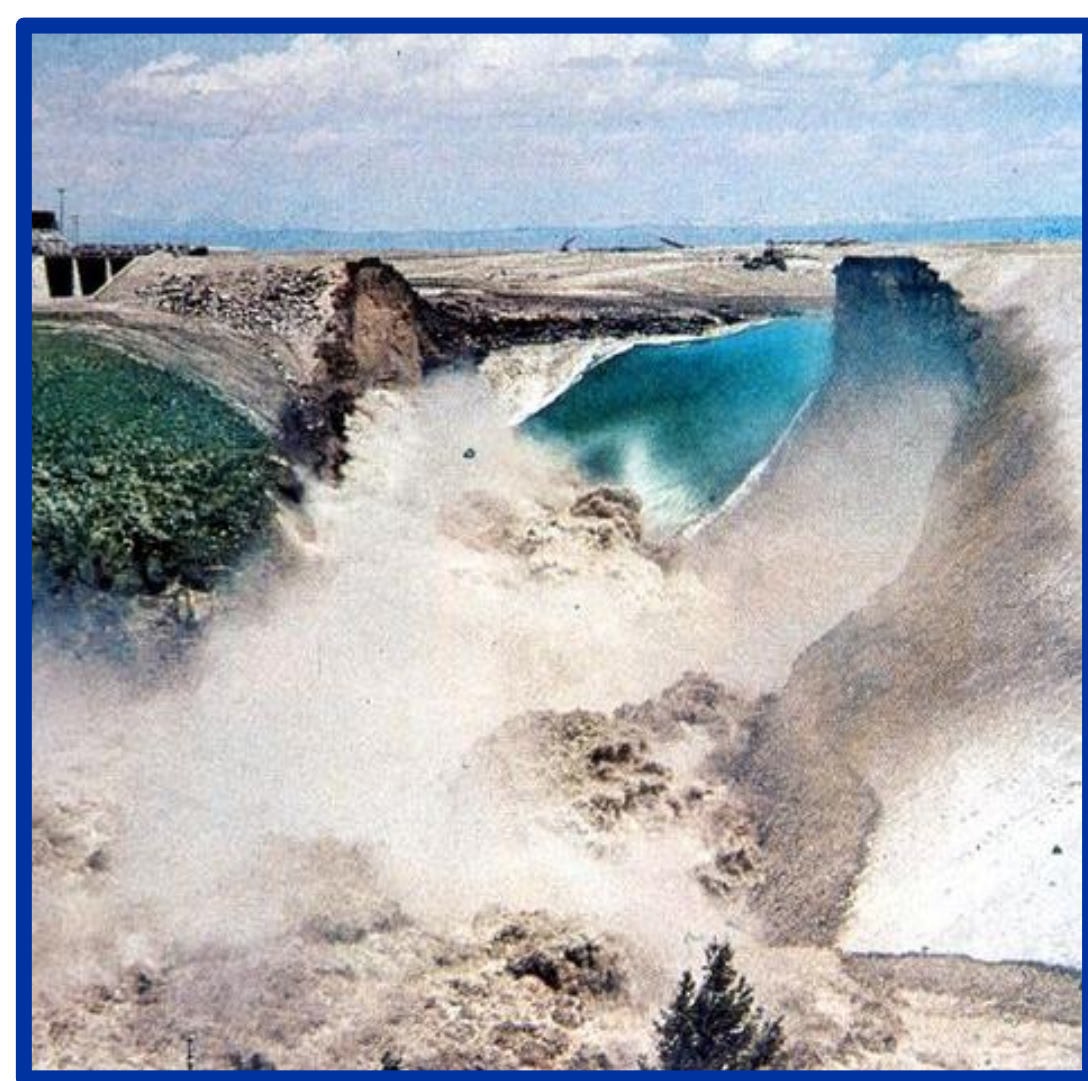
Virtual Reality Environment



2D flood propagation – Teton Dam Failure model using GeoClaw software

Modeling

Complex multi-resolution representations of modeling results is crucial for dam failure research but difficult to implement.



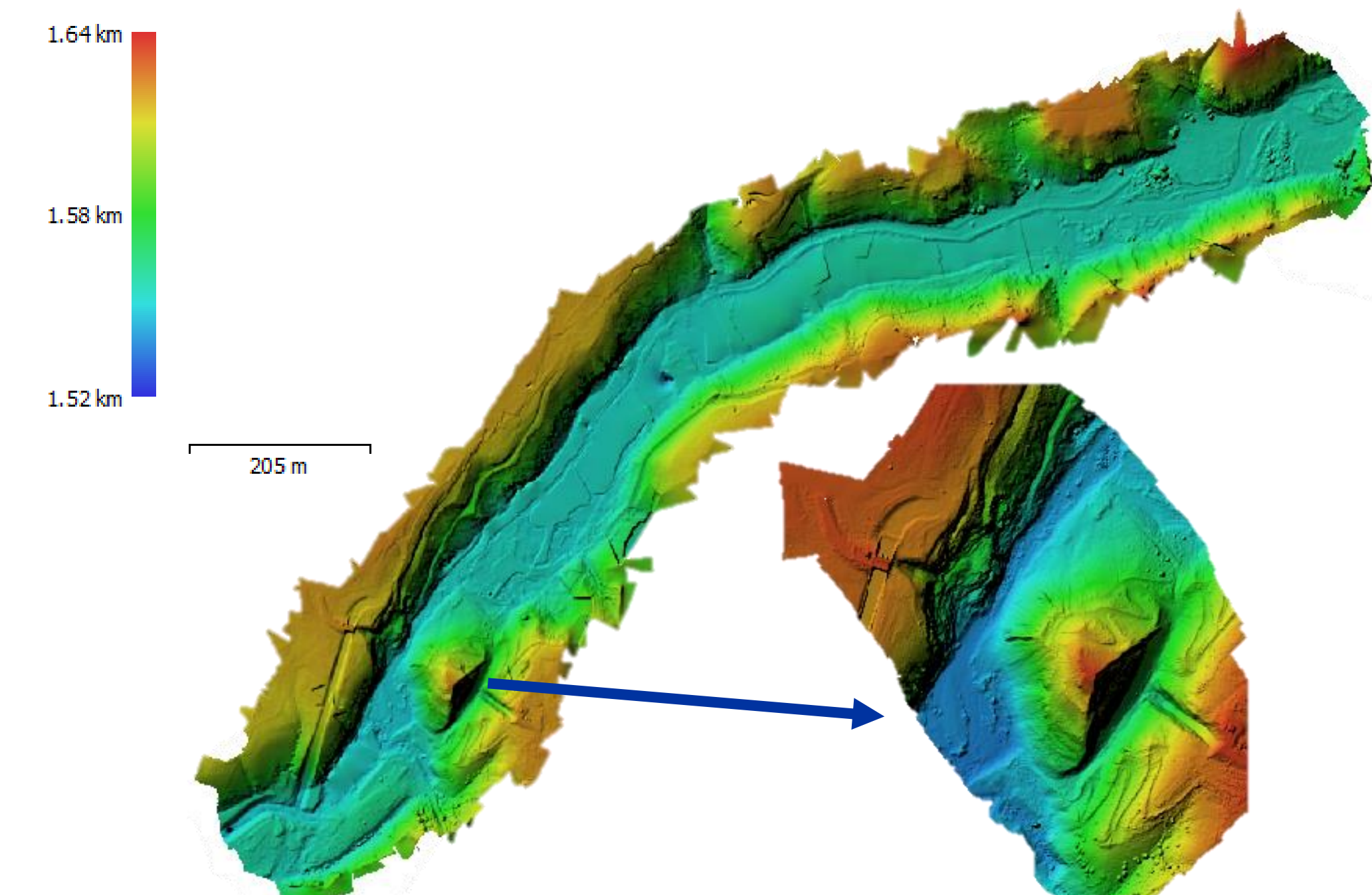
Teton Dam Failure Eastern, ID, 1976.

Therefore, we propose that using a multi-dimensional model created in a Virtual Reality (VR) environment would bypass the need for 2D resolution and allow for new analyses.

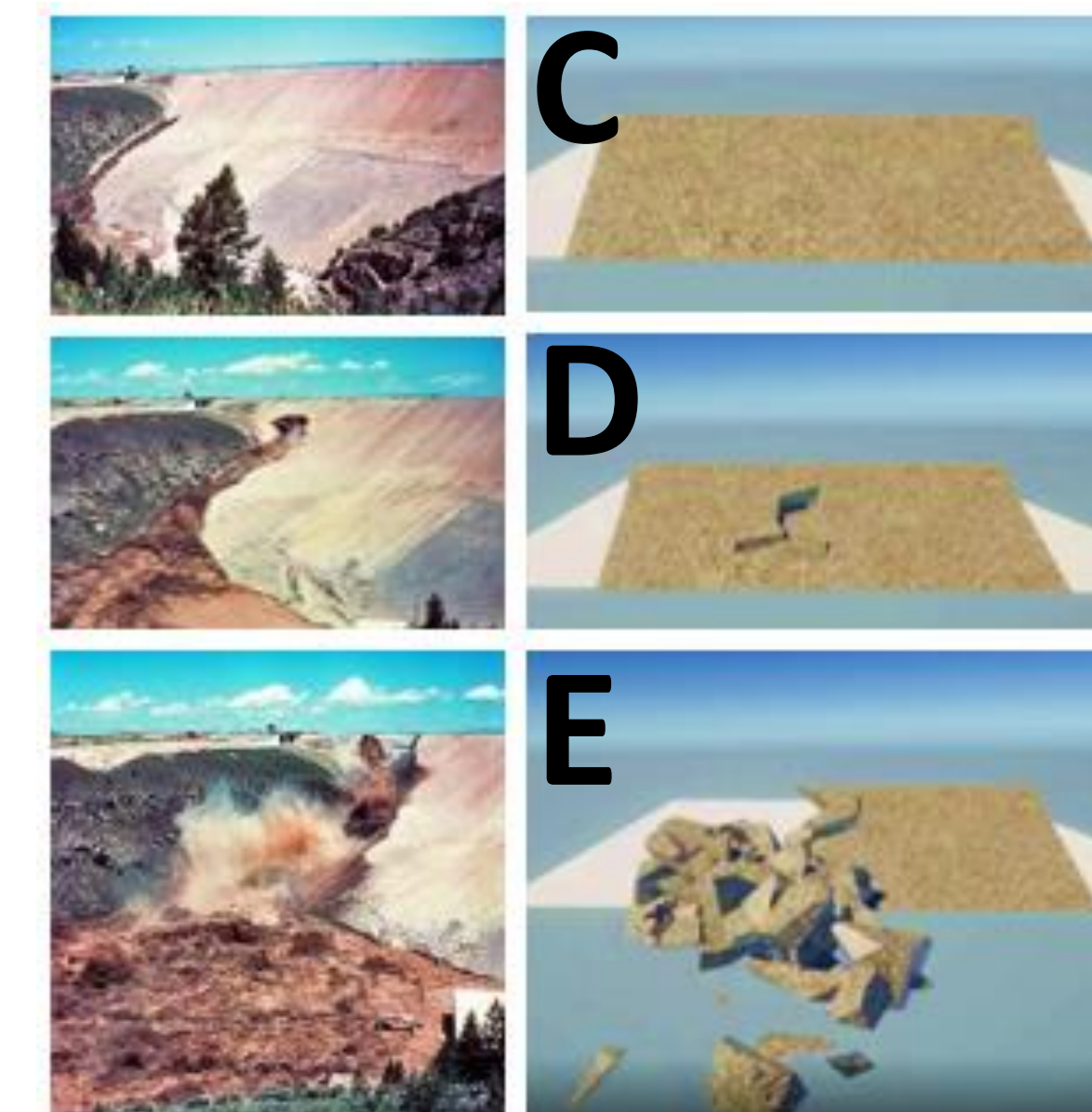
Remote Sensing Data

We evaluate and validate our model on the Oculus Quest 2 headset, parameterizing the environment using historical dam breach data and remote-sensing data.

Drone photogrammetry provided by the Bureau of Reclamation provides high-resolution topography (HRT) for simulations.



Modeling in the VR environment is tailored for improving research and teaching activities alike.



Results

This study balances the enhanced speed of interaction on the Oculus Quest 2 with the demanding computational requirements. Our output simulation of the 1976 Teton Dam failure's 3D rendering agrees with historical data and the 2D GeoClaw model.

Discussion

Our approach is crucial because non-specialist audiences, such as legislators, K-12 students, and downstream community citizens, can now experience complex dam failure through a customized immersive VR simulation.



Future work includes:

- **Simulating other geohazards** that are numerically modeled for improved spatial and temporal understanding of the risks they pose to communities.
- **Geoscience education and outreach assessment** – how can we use VR for teaching about hazards and historical events?
- **Refining the current VR model** for other analyses such as determining where the historic hydraulic jump occurred.

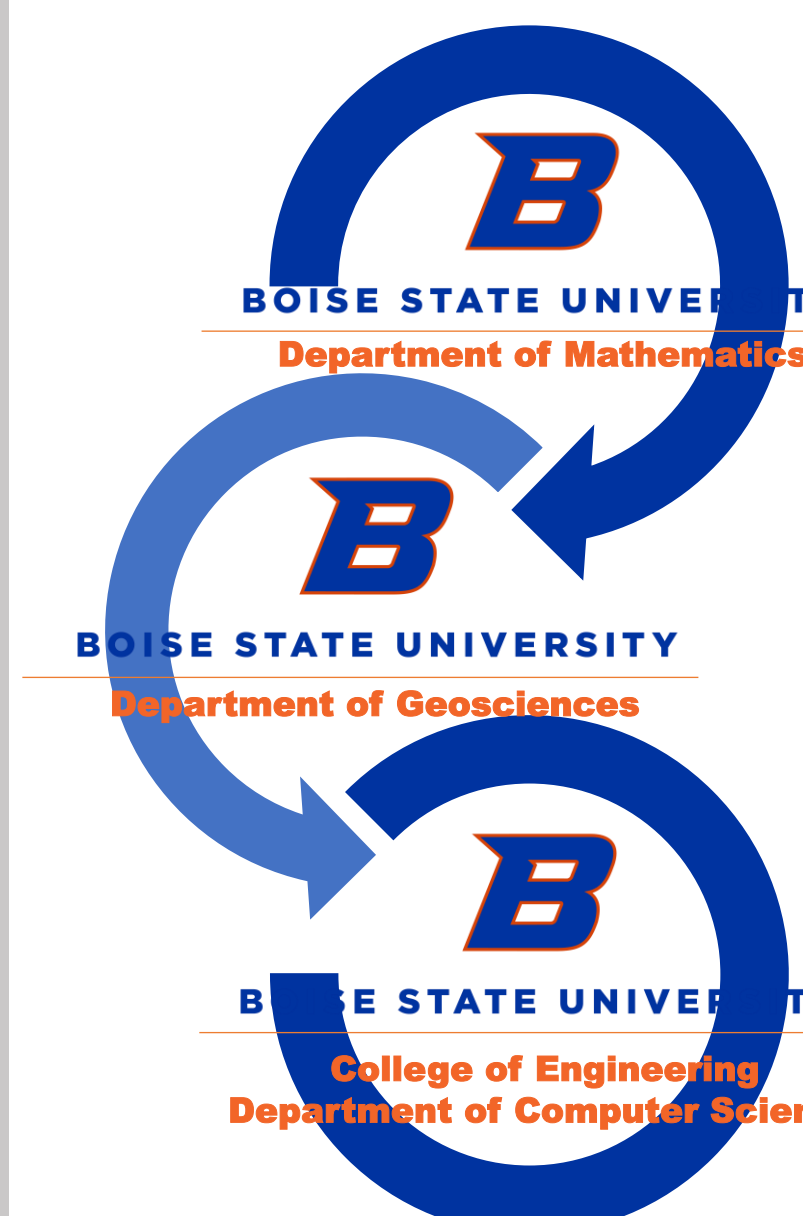
References



Scan the QR code to access a document detailing the references for this poster

Scan me

Acknowledgements

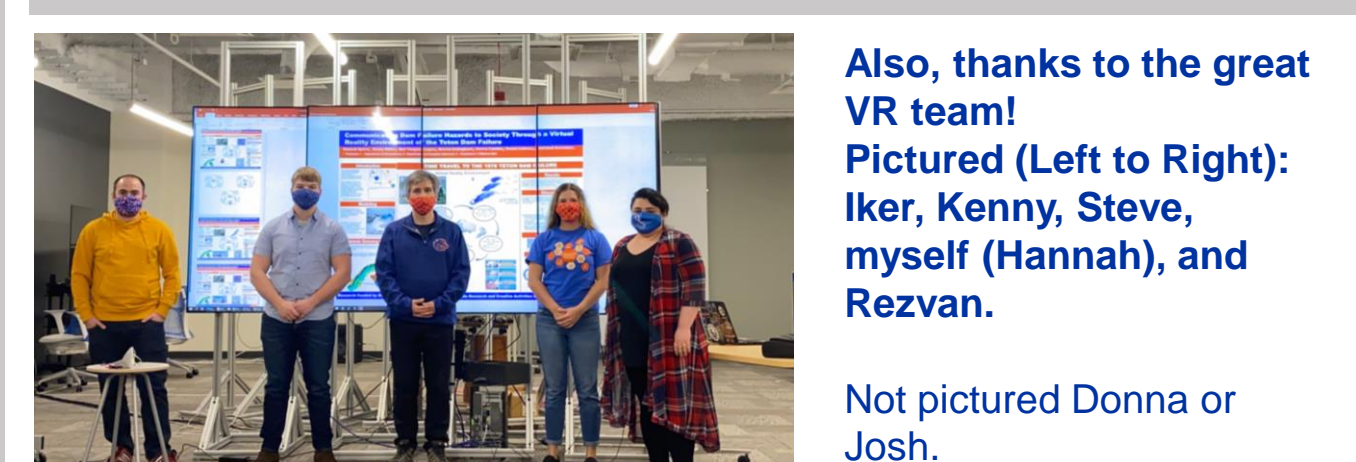


Thanks especially to:

Boise State Institute for Scholarship and Diversity Spring 2021 Undergraduate Research and Creative Activities (URCA) Grant funding

VizLab and Dr. Steve Cutchin

Boise Center Aerospace Laboratory Resources (BCAL)



Also, thanks to the great VR team! Pictured (Left to Right): Iker, Kenny, Steve, myself (Hannah), and Rezvan.

Not pictured Donna or Josh.